Correction to: Procedural and Long-Term Outcomes of Bioresorbable Scaffolds Versus Drug-Eluting Stents in Chronic Total Occlusions: The BONITO Registry (Bioresorbable Scaffolds Versus Drug-Eluting Stents in Chronic Total Occlusions)

In the article by Azzalini et al, “Procedural and Long-Term Outcomes of Bioresorbable Scaffolds Versus Drug-Eluting Stents in Chronic Total Occlusions: The BONITO Registry (Bioresorbable Scaffolds Versus Drug-Eluting Stents in Chronic Total Occlusions),” which published online October 7, 2016, and appeared in the October 2016 issue of the journal (Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2016;9:e004284. DOI: 10.1161/CIRCINTERVENTIONS.116.004284), a correction is needed.

On page 5, Table 2, the table rows read, “Right coronary artery, 110 (20.5%), 29 (19.0%), 81 (21.1%); Left circumflex artery, 229 (42.6%), 53 (34.6%), 176 (45.8%).” It has been changed to read, “Right coronary artery, 229 (42.6%), 53 (34.6%), 176 (45.8%); Left circumflex artery, 110 (20.5%), 29 (19.0%), 81 (21.1%).”

On page 5, Table 2, table rows J-CTO score; and Reference vessel diameter, mm, the data has been updated.

On page 6, Table 3, table rows Diameter of largest stent/scaffold, mm; Diameter of largest balloon used for postdilatation, mm; Minimal luminal diameter post-PCI, mm; Diameter stenosis post-PCI, %; Contrast volume, mL; Fluoroscopy time (min); and Total procedure time (min), the data has been updated.

This correction has been made to the current online version of the article, which is available at http://circinterventions.ahajournals.org/content/9/10/e004284.
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