The incidence of proximal edge incomplete stent apposition and its direct impact of edge restenosis should be assessed using high-resolution intravascular optical coherence tomography. Comparison of stent segment postimplantation and at follow-up may identify the respective propensity of partially deployed stent, its role on restenosis, and whether complete stent apposition at the proximal edge can actually limit such edge effect.

Disclosures

None.

References


Letter by Foin et al Regarding Article, "Edge Effect From Drug-Eluting Stents as Assessed With Serial Intravascular Ultrasound: A Systematic Review"
Nicolas Foin, Justin E. Davies and Carlo Di Mario

Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2012;5:e70
doi: 10.1161/CIRCINTERVENTIONS.112.972927
Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions is published by the American Heart Association, 7272 Greenville Avenue, Dallas, TX 75231
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Print ISSN: 1941-7640. Online ISSN: 1941-7632

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